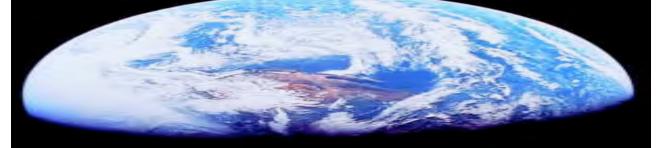


ADIL NAJAM

Vice Chancellor The Lahore University of Management Sciences (LUMS)

How does Climate Change change the discussion on Environmental Justice? What is the Nature of "Globalness" and why does it matter to Environmental Justice? What challenges to Law & Policy does this pose to Developing Countries?

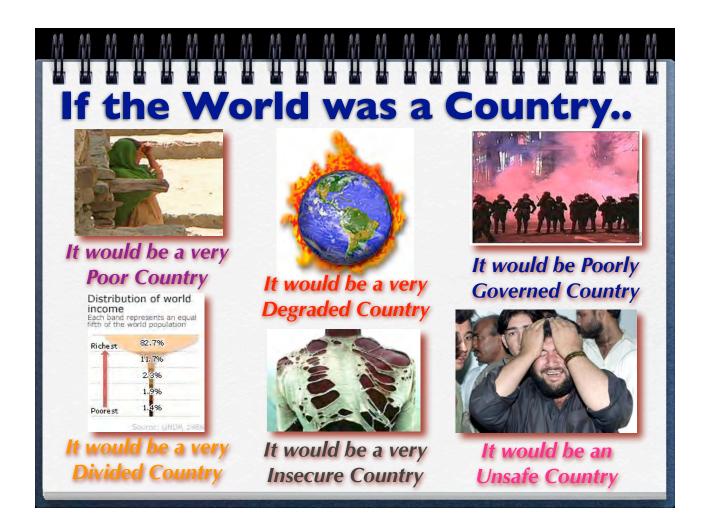




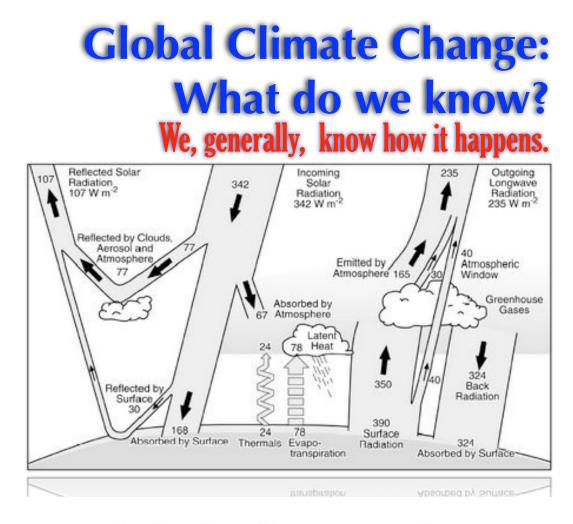
Our Planet: Our Country



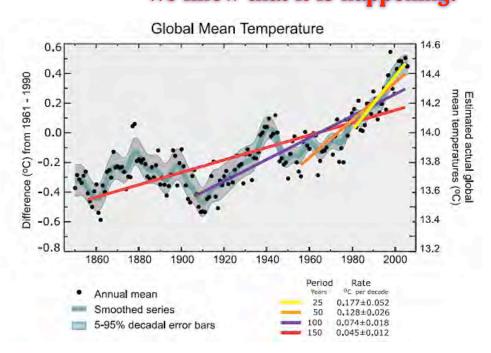
Imagine, if the world were one country...



Our World is a Third World Planet



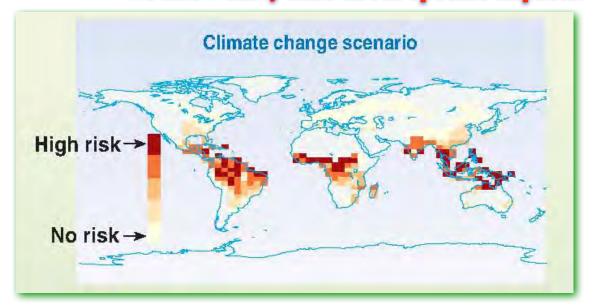
Global Climate Change: What do we know? We know that it is happening.



Global Climate Change: What do we know? In general, we know its impacts.

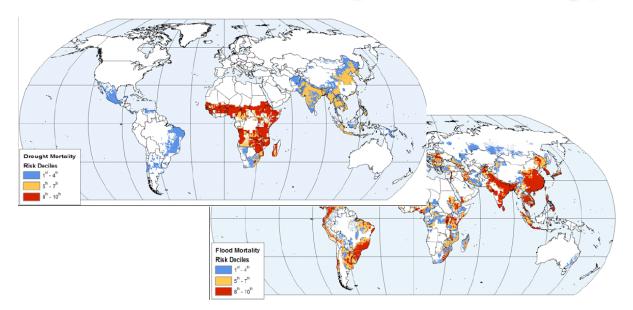
	Glo	bal mean annual te	mperature change re	elative to 1980-1999 (°C)
0) 1	:	2 :	3 4	1
WATER	Decreasing water a	vailability and increasi		udes and semi-arid low	
ECOSYSTEMS	Increased coral bleachin Increasing species range	increasing g** — Most corals bleac	~15%** ~4	coral mortality** — — — e tends toward a net ca 0% of ecosystems affec s due to weakening of	round the globe** rbon source as: ted**
FOOD	Complex, localised ne	Tendencies for cereal to decrease in low lat	productivity itudes** al productivity	Cereal produ	of all cereals
COASTS	Increased damage fro	m floods and storms**	Millions more people c coastal flooding each y	About 30% of global coastal wetlands lost ²⁺⁺ could experience year**	
HEALTH	Increased morbidity		at waves, floods, and dro ors**	spiratory, and infectiou: oughts** — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	

Global Climate Change: What do we know? We know fairly little about specific impacts.

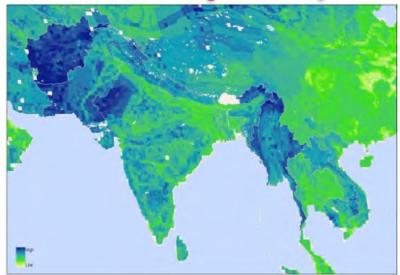


Global Climate Change: What do we know?

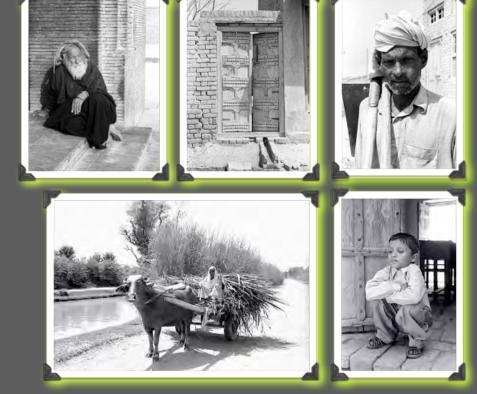
We fear that existing threats could multiply.



Global Climate Change: What do we know? We believe the human impacts in South Asia will be particularly severe



Climate-proofing Development









What Challenges Await Us In The Age of Climate Adaptation











Challenges for Law & Policy in the Search for Environmental Justice

Toposition #1: The Role of International Environmental Lave will Increase Further.





Proposition #1: The Role of International Environmental Lave will Increase Further.

Inaction - or defensiveness on Int'l Norm-Setting will have very high costs.

Proposition #2:

Env. Justice demands that Env. Law focus not just on Limits, but Rights



The dynamic nature of environmental science is itself a challenge to limitbased regulation.

Proposition #2:

Env. Justice demands that Env. Law focus not just on Limits, but Rights



Templates for 'global' standards for 'domestic' environmental law are already emergent and likely to become stronger.

Proposition #2:

Env. Justice demands that Env. Law focus not just on Limits, but Rights



A focus on rights and responsibilities immediately opens up possibilities of linkages to rich traditions in law & policy.



Proposition #4:

Climate, in particular, is moving focus of Environmental Justice to Livelihoods & Human Condition.

All of this will further blur the Policy-Law distinction!

Proposition #4:

Climate, in particular, is moving focus of Environmental Justice to Livelihoods & Human Condition.

Municipal - Industrial - Health & Safety - Consumer - Education Proposition #4:

Climate, in particular, is moving focus of Environmental Justice to Livelihoods & Human Condition.

Environmental Justice' demands a Pro-Poor Fcous internationally and nationally

